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## Evaluation of Ziram for management of eastern filbert blight, 2016 - 2017.

Healthy appearing two-year-old 'Ennis' hazelnut trees were planted from 16 to 18 Feb 16 at the Botany and Plant Pathology Field Laboratory, Corvallis, OR. Limbs with EFB cankers were cut from heavily diseased trees during Jan 2016. A total of 500 cankered limbs were placed above test trees on chicken wire frames supported by a wooden trellis, on 1 Mar 16. Treatments were arranged in a randomized complete block design. Each treatment consisted of 8 single tree replicates. Fungicides were applied to trees from two directions, until runoff, using a Solo-Pump-Style backpack sprayer. Approximately 0.25 gal of a spray suspension was used per 8 trees within each treatment. Most fungicide treatments were applied on 18 Mar 16 (bud break), 1 Apr 16, 13 Apr 16, and 27 Apr 16 for a total of 4 applications. Casoron 4G (100 lb/A) was applied throughout the block on 20 Mar 16 and Makaze (at 3%) was applied as a general and/or spot treatment on 5 May 16, 9 Jun 16, 8 Aug 16 and 2 Jun 17 for management of weeds. Trees were fertilized with 46-0-0 at a rate of 0.5 lb/6 trees on 4 Apr 16 and 15 Jul 16. Supplemental irrigation was provided as needed during the 2016 growing season. The number of EFB cankers on the main tree trunk and total length of these cankers/tree was determined on 7 to 8 Aug 17.

Spring 2016 growing conditions were considered warmer and dryer than normal with several heat spikes including 83°F on 7 Apr, 85°F on 18 Apr, 87°F on 2 May, and 95°F on 4 Jun 16. Conditions resulted in accelerated tree growth 2 to 3 weeks ahead of average, however, late planting of these small trees resulted in average bud break and early growth period. Symptoms were first noticed on 12 Jun 17. Overall disease pressure was light as indicated by how few cankers developed throughout the trial and on non-treated trees. Non-treated trees averaged 0.9 cankers per tree. All fungicide treated trees did not develop cankers at all. No phytotoxicity was observed in trees treated with any of the various materials used. Physical spraying of Ziram was improved by the addition of Induce.

| Treatment and Rate/100 gal water | Ave Number of Cankers/Tree* |   | Total Canker<br>Length/Tree*<br>(cm) |   |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| Non-treated                      | 0.9                         | a | 17.9                                 | a |
| Ziram 76 DF at 3 lb              | 0.0                         | b | 0.0                                  | b |
| Ziram 76 DF at 4 lb              | 0.0                         | b | 0.0                                  | b |
| Ziram 76 DF at 3 lb plus         |                             |   |                                      |   |
| Induce at 12 fl oz               | 0.0                         | b | 0.0                                  | b |
| Ziram 76 DF at 4 lb plus         |                             |   |                                      |   |
| Induce at 12 fl oz               | 0.0                         | b | 0.0                                  | b |
| Bravo Weather Stik at 32 fl oz   | 0.0                         | b | 0.0                                  | b |
| Procure 480 SC at 6 fl oz plus   |                             |   |                                      |   |
| Induce at 12 fl oz               | 0.0                         | b | 0.0                                  | b |

<sup>\*</sup> Analysis of variance is based on  $\log (x+1)$  transformation. Means followed by the same letter do not differ significantly based on Fisher's protected LSD (P=0.05).