BLUEBERRY (Vaccinium corymbosum) Mummy Berry; Monilinia vaccinii-corymbosi J. W. Pscheidt and J. P. Bassinette Dept. of Botany and Plant Pathology Oregon State University Corvallis, OR 97331-2903

Long term survival of mummy berry pseudosclerotia, 2018-2019.

Based on direct observations during 2017, pseudosclerotia (mummies) within a blueberry planting can survive and produce apothecia 2 years after contact with the soil surface. A 7 x 55 ft section of land at the Botany and Plant Pathology Field Laboratory that had never been planted to blueberries was selected for multi-year observations of pseudosclerotia. Plots were tilled with a walk behind Troybuilt rototiller prior to mummy distribution. Mummified fruit was collected from many different blueberry bushes during the 2018 harvest season at an organic farm near Eugene, OR and stored in a cold room. Mummies were obtained on 21 July 2018, spread out in a thin layer and allowed to dry on newspaper. Dry mummies were placed in 10 rows 2 inches apart with 100 mummies each for a total of 1,000 mummies in a 5 x 5 ft area and partially covered with soil on 26 Sep 2018. This plot was replicated 8 times with 3 ft between plots for a total of 8,000 mummies. Although mummies were placed in neat rows, many of them were scattered and/or grouped by foraging earthworms within 24 hours. Plots were sprayed with Makaze (2 fl oz/gallon) plus Stinger (2 ml/ gallon) on 13 Feb 2019 with a "Green Thumb" hand-pump sprayer for weed management. Each plot was generally observed for mummies and apothecia in the spring of 2019.

Rainfall for the dormant season (Oct 2018 to Mar 2019) was 9.7 inches below the 115 yr average but temperatures were average. April precipitation was 3.4 inches above normal which led to localized flooding from April 9 to 11 in other parts of the farm but not in these "mummy gardens". Across the farm in a field of Berkeley blueberries, pseudosclerotia (mummies) were at germination on 18 Mar, at emergence on 25 Mar, a few at sporulation on 29 Mar, apothecia were also observed 5 Apr but no more found on 8 or 12 Apr for an approximate 8 day primary infection period. Very few apothecia were observed in this block compared with previous growing seasons.

Black pseudosclerotia were easily observed all spring of 2019 from Feb through Apr in the mummy gardens. One mummy was at germination and 2 apothecia, each in separate plots, were first observed on 8 Apr. A total of 5 apothecia were observed on 12 Apr, mostly in one plot, and another 2 apothecia were observed on 15 Apr but no more were observed on 22 Apr for an approximate 7 day primary infection period.

Plots will be maintained with minimal herbicide use to manage weeds and observed in future years for apothecia formation.

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