

Compound Machines Division C

School Name _____

Team _____

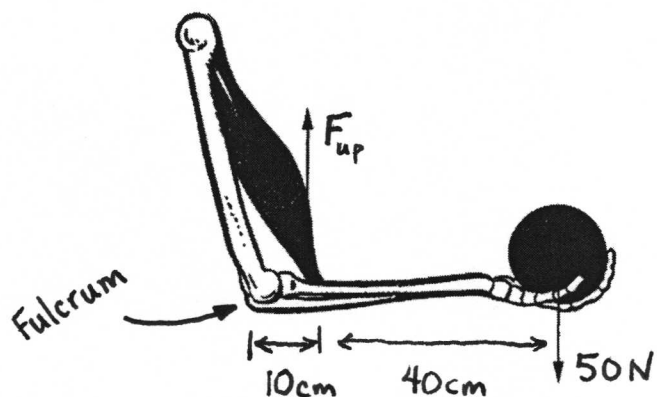


Directions:

There are 13 multiple choice questions.

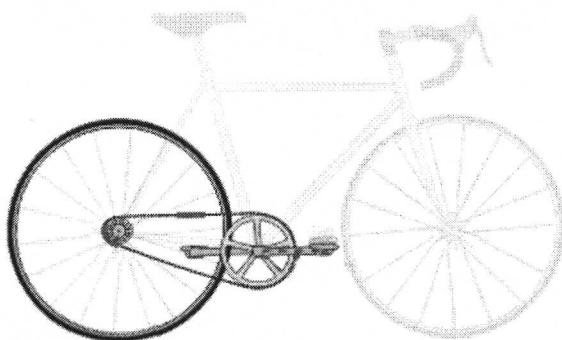
Write your answers (A, B, C, D or E) on the answer sheet provided.

1. Human arm



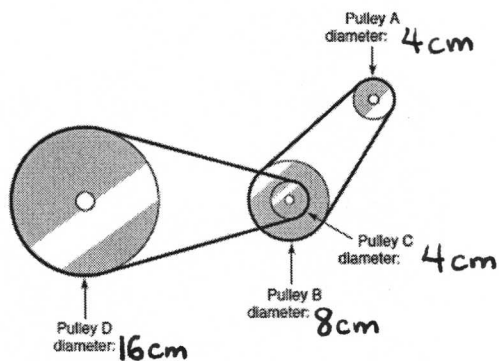
- What is the upward component of the force exerted by the bicep muscle, F_{up} ? (Assume static equilibrium)
- A) 10 N
 - B) 12.5 N
 - C) 50 N
 - D) 200 N
 - E) 250 N

2. Bicycles



- A bike is resting on the pavement. The radius of the front gear is 12 cm. The radius of the back gear is 6 cm. The radius of the back wheel is 40 cm. How far forward does the bike travel when the pedals are turned one full revolution? (Choose the closest answer)
- A) 1.25 m
 - B) 2.5 m
 - C) 5.0 m
 - D) 7.5 m
 - E) 10 m

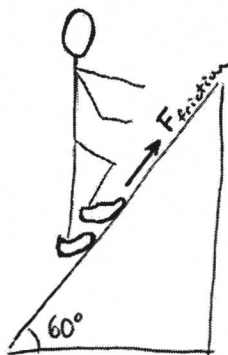
3. Belts and pulleys



The figure shows a belt and pulley system. Pulley B and pulley C are rigidly connected. Pulley D is turned one full revolution. How many revolutions does Pulley A turn?

- A) 1
- B) 2
- C) 4
- D) 8
- E) 16

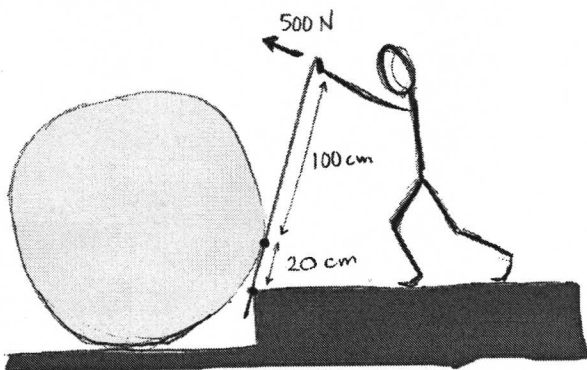
4. Rock climbing



The climber is ascending a rock face. The gravitational force on the rock climber is 600 N (straight down). The friction between the climber's shoes and the rock is large enough to stop the climber from slipping. What is the magnitude of the friction force, F_{friction} ?

- A) $600/\sqrt{3}$ N
- B) $300/\sqrt{3}$ N
- C) 600 N
- D) $300\sqrt{3}$ N
- E) $600\sqrt{3}$ N

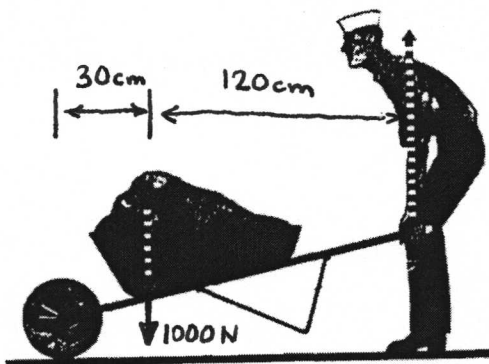
5. Rock in the street



The picture shows a man using a steel bar (total length 125 cm) to try and move a rock. The steel bar touches both the rock and the edge of the curb. The separation between contact points is 20 cm. The man applies 500 N of force to the top of the steel bar. The rock won't budge! How much force was applied to the rock?

- A) 100 N
- B) 500 N
- C) 2000 N
- D) 2500 N
- E) 3000 N

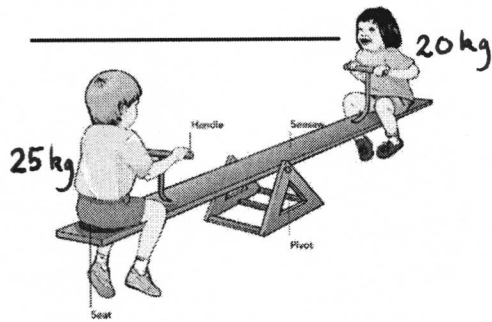
6. Wheelbarrow



What is the upward force exerted on the handle of the wheelbarrow by the man's hands?

- A) 200 N
- B) 250 N
- C) 1000 N
- D) 4000 N
- E) 5000 N

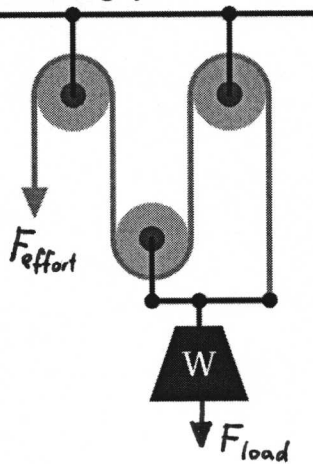
7. Seesaw



A 20 kg girl sitting on a seesaw invites a 25 kg boy to join her. The girl sits 1.25 m from the pivot point. How far does the boy sit from the pivot point so they are balanced in a horizontal position?

- A) 1.00 m
- B) 1.06 m
- C) 1.25 m
- D) 1.50 m
- E) 1.56 m

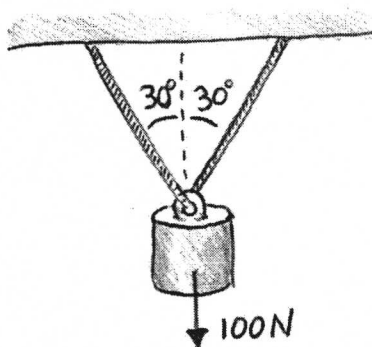
8. Hoisting system



Mechanical advantage is defined as the ratio $F_{\text{load}}/F_{\text{effort}}$. What is the mechanical advantage of the pulley system illustrated above?

- A) 1
- B) 2
- C) 3
- D) 4
- E) 5

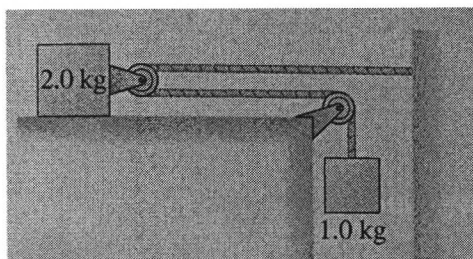
9. Tension



A weight is attached to the ceiling by threading a rope through the eyelet on the top of the weight. There is no friction between the rope and the eyelet. What is the tension in the rope?

- A) $100/\sqrt{3}$ N
- B) $100/\sqrt{2}$ N
- C) $50/\sqrt{3}$ N
- D) $50/\sqrt{2}$ N
- E) $200/\sqrt{3}$ N

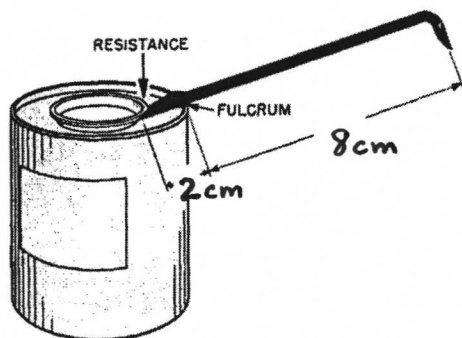
10. Sliding friction



The 2 kg block moves across the table at a constant velocity. What is the coefficient of sliding friction?

- A) 1
- B) 0.5
- C) 2
- D) 0
- E) 4

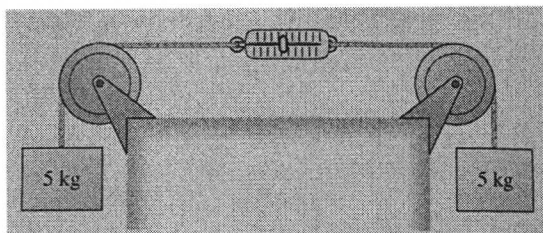
11. Opening a can of paint



An upward force of 20 N must be applied to the paint can lid to get it open. What downward force is required at the right-hand end of the tool to open the lid?

- A) 5 N
- B) 80 N
- C) 4 N
- D) 200 N
- E) 2 N

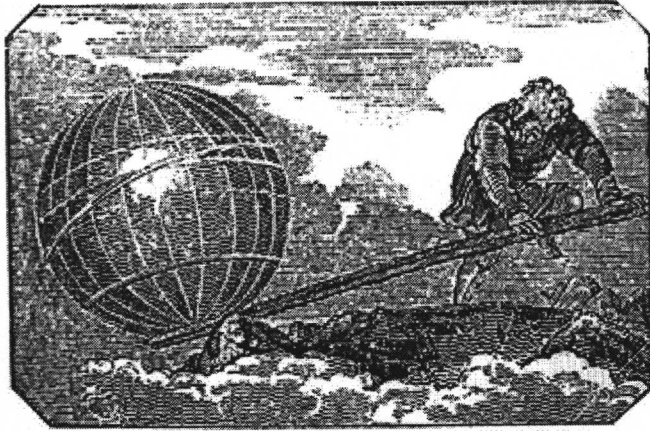
12. Balancing forces



The figure shows two masses at rest. The string is massless and pulley is frictionless. The spring scale reads in kg. What is the reading of the scale?

- A) 0
- B) 2.5 kg
- C) 5 kg
- D) 7.5 kg
- E) 10 kg

13. History of Science



Who said “Give me a place to stand and I will move the earth”?

- A) Archimedes
- B) Galileo Galilei
- C) Leonardo da Vinci
- D) Heron of Alexandria
- E) Archytas of Tarrentum