## Homework #6

(due Wednesday, February 28, 2024)

1. (20 pts) Consider Example 3 of the lecture posted on 02/19. In particular,

- a. Find the probability to measure  $S_x = \hbar/2$  and  $-\hbar/2$ .
- b. What is the expectation value of  $S_x$ ?
- c. What are the possible outcomes of the measurement of L<sub>z</sub>? What are their probabilities?
- d. What are the outcomes of the measurement of L<sup>2</sup>? What are their probabilities?
- e. The measurement yielded L<sup>2</sup>=0. What is the state of the particle after this measurement?
- (10 pts) Consider recursion relations given by Eqs. (16.2) and (16.3) (lecture on 02/21, page 9). Eq.(16.2) was derived in class. Now derive Eq.(16.3) using Eq.(16.2) and orthonormality of angular momentum states.
- 3. (15 pts) Calculate the following Clebsch-Gordan coefficients:
  - (a)  $\langle 1,1;-1,1|2,0\rangle$
  - (b)  $\langle 1, 1; 1, -1 | 2, 0 \rangle$
  - (c)  $\langle 1, 1; 0, 0 | 2, 0 \rangle$
  - (d)  $\langle 1,1;-1,1|1,0\rangle$
  - (e)  $\langle 1, 1; 1, -1 | 1, 0 \rangle$
  - (f)  $\langle 1, 1; -1, 1 | 0, 0 \rangle$
  - (g)  $\langle 1, 1; 0, 0 | 0, 0 \rangle$

- 4. (10 pts) A hydrogen atom is in a  ${}^{2}P_{3/2}$  state with the projection of the total angular momentum on the z-axis m = -1/2. What is the probability to find the electron with spin up (i.e.  $m_s = +1/2$ )?
- 5. Reading assignment: Sakurai 3.8.